

The Constitution of India

Copy the following Q/A in your social studies exercise book.

1. What is a constitution?

Ans: Constitution is a set of fundamental laws according to which a state or country is governed.

2. What is the preamble? What does it describe?

Ans: Like All other books the constitution also start with a short introduction. This short introduction is called the preamble.

Preamble describes the kind of nation that the people of India want and the rights that are guaranteed to each and every one of them.

3. Why is the preamble to our constitution important?

Ans: The preamble to our constitution is important because it describes aspirations and aims for our nation.

4. What does the right to constitutional Remedies mean?

Ans: The right to constitutional remedies means that every citizen is protected by the law and is treated equally. In case any of his fundamental Rights are denied or taken away, he has the right to approach the highest court in the country ie ,the supreme court.

5. Name the Fundamental rights enjoyed by Indian citizen?

Ans: 1. Right to equality.

2. Right to freedom.

3. Right against Exploitation..

4. Right to freedom of religion.

5. Cultural and educational rights.

6. Right to constitutional remedies.

6. List the fundamental duties of the Indian citizen?

Ans: 1. To respect the constitution, the national Flag and the national anthem.

2. Protect the natural environment and public property.

3. Promote brotherhood and treat all citizens equally.

4. Help in the defence of his country and protect it in times of danger.

5. To value and preserve the rich heritage of our entire culture.